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than the Hamburg and Munich figures. Acute intestinal diseases and acute diseases of the respiratory organs showed no important variation, the former causing 45, the latter 54 deaths. Furthermore, there were registered 2 deaths from influenza, 10 deaths from cholerine, 94 deaths from phthisis pulmonalis, 36 deaths from cancer, 10 deaths from diphtheria, 7 deaths from measles, 4 deaths from scarlet fever, 2 deaths from typhus, and 8 persons died by violence.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Livingston, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Peters reports as follows: Week ended May 16, 1904: Present officially estimated population, 3,500; number of deaths, 2; prevailing diseases, malarial; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
May 10 10	Spero		10		

The Anselm cleared from Puerto Barrios.

HONDURAS.

Report from Puerto Cortez, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carter reports as follows: Week ended May 17, 1904. Present officially estimated population, 2,125; 1 death; prevailing disease, malarial fever of mild form. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected,
May 12	Anselm	41	8	16	0
13	Gyller	14	2	0	0
14	Espana	14	0	3	0
15	Habil	15	0	0	0

JAPAN.

Report from Yokohama—Inspection of emigrants.

Assistant Surgeon Moore reports, April 29, as follows:

Two steamers, having an aggregate personnel of 283 crew and 285

passengers, were inspected.

For the week ended April 16, 1904, cases of contagious disease were reported in Yokohama as follows: Enteric fever, 4 cases, no deaths; diphtheria, 1 case, no deaths; dysentery, 1 case, no deaths.